



EDMONTON

ALBERTA

AND

Alberta Farm Scenes

1906

C. TAIT photographer 17 photos

EDMONTON'S GROWTH FOR FOUR YEARS

		1901	1905
Population	- - -	2,652	10,500
Assessment	- - -	\$1,390,000	\$6,600,000
Sewers in operation	- - -	None	11 1/2 miles
Water Mains	- - -	None	12 3/4 "
Street Grading	- - -	2 1/4 miles	30 "
14 ft. Granolithic Walks	- - -	None	2 1/4 miles
Plank Walks	- - -	About 5 miles	32 1/8 "

and growth has only commenced. Would you like to predict the population for 1910?



GOVERNMENT BUILDING



PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH EDMONTON



HOSPITAL, EDMONTON



WINDSOR HOTEL, EDMONTON.



CANADIAN BANK of COMMERCE.



MCKAY AVE. SCHOOL.



RESIDENCE OF JOHN McDougall



ALBERTA HOTEL, EDMONTON.



GOVERNMENT HOUSE.



ALBERTA
COLLEGE.



HUDSON'S BAY STORES, EDMONTON.



ALBERTA
APPLES

ACTUAL
GROWTH.



C.N.R.R. DEPOT, EDMONTON.



SCENE NEAR EDMONTON.



FARM SCENE, ALBERTA



ALBERTA FARM SCENE.



ALBERTA FARM SCENE.

EDMONTON AND PROVINCE OF ALBERTA

THE PROVINCE OF ALBERTA has an area equal to the combined area of the States of West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin, or nearly $2\frac{1}{2}$ times that of Great Britain and Ireland. Edmonton is the geographical and railway centre of the Province.

THE EDMONTON DISTRICT is the most fertile section of a fertile Province. Government statistics on the crop of 1905 show the average yield of spring wheat in the Edmonton district to have been 24.29 bushels; and winter wheat 24.51 bushels to the acre.

Winter temperature same as Southern Minnesota, but infinitely preferable. No blizzards, no storms, everybody likes our winters.

Edmonton is the centre of what is probably the greatest coal area in Canada.

Edmonton is the principal milling centre of the West. Seven flour mills, and a cereal mill are in operation in and around the city.

Edmonton is the chief lumbering centre of Alberta. Local mills cut from 15 to 20 million feet annually.

ALBERTA'S PROGRESS IN DAIRYING

AS SHOWN BY DEVELOPMENT OF GOVERNMENT CREAMERIES

No. of Patrons.	Pounds.	Value.	Produced in Edmonton Terri.
1901 463	261,498	\$50,272	11 per ct.
1905 1291	813,430	\$173,671	35 per ct.

676,612 pounds or 83 per cent. of 1905 output was produced in territory between Edmonton and Innisfail, 115 miles to the south.

Total Crop of Alberta in 1898.	In 1905	Percentage of 1905 Crop raised in Edmonton Territory
Wheat 792,417 bu.	2,306,524 bu.	42 per cent.
Oats 1,734,197 bu.	9,514,180 bu.	60 per cent.
Barley 279,826 bu.	1,773,914 bu.	66 per cent.

EDMONTON is the unchallenged manufacturing, wholesale, railway, financial and educational centre for 20,000 square miles of the richest and fastest developing territory in Western Canada.

AN ADDITIONAL TERRITORY greater in area than the entire Atlantic States from Maine to Florida, but as yet undeveloped, looks to Edmonton as its business centre.

EDMONTON IS THE RECOGNIZED METROPOLIS of a district containing over 50 towns, villages and rural trade centres; and more than 300 school districts and 133 post offices. Additions are made to the list almost daily.

EDMONTON OFFERS GREATER OPPORTUNITIES for industrial and commercial enterprise than any point in America today.

EDMONTON OWNS ITS PUBLIC UTILITIES. Electric light, water works and telephone systems, owned and operated by the city. An electric street railway will soon be commenced as a civic enterprise.

(Photographs taken by C. Tait, Edmonton.)

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY

INCORPORATED 1670

For anything to
Eat **Drink**
or Wear

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY

W. A. Dawson, Publisher, Winnipeg